House Study Bill 635 - Introduced

HOU	SE FILE
ВУ	(PROPOSED COMMITTEE
	ON JUDICIARY BILL BY
	CHAIRPERSON HOLT)

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to the employment of unauthorized aliens and
- providing penalties.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. NEW SECTION. 95.1 Definitions.
- 2 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
- 3 requires:
- 4 1. "Agency" means an agency, department, board, or
- 5 commission of this state or a political subdivision that issues
- 6 a license for purposes of operating a business in this state.
- 7 2. "Economic development incentive" means a grant, loan, or
- 8 performance-based incentive awarded by a government entity of
- 9 this state. "Economic development incentive" does not include a
- 10 tax credit or tax incentive program.
- 11 3. "Employ" means hiring or continuing to employ an
- 12 individual to perform services.
- 13 4. "Employee" means an individual who provides services
- 14 or labor for an employer in this state for wages or other
- 15 remuneration. "Employee" does not include an independent
- 16 contractor.
- 17 5. "Employer" means a person, as defined in chapter 4, that
- 18 transacts business in this state, that has a license issued by
- 19 an agency in this state, and that employs one or more employees
- 20 in this state. "Employer" includes this state, a political
- 21 subdivision of this state, and a self-employed individual.
- 22 In the case of an independent contractor, "employer" means
- 23 the independent contractor and does not mean the person or
- 24 organization that uses the contract labor.
- 25 6. "E-verify program" means the employment verification
- 26 program as jointly administered by the United States department
- 27 of homeland security and the United States social security
- 28 administration or any successor program.
- 29 7. "Government entity" means this state or a political
- 30 subdivision of this state that receives and uses tax revenues.
- 31 8. a. "Independent contractor" means a person that carries
- 32 on an independent business, that contracts to do a piece of
- 33 work according to the person's own means and methods and that
- 34 is subject to control only as to results. Whether a person is
- 35 an independent contractor is determined on a case-by-case basis

- 1 through various factors, including whether the person does any
 2 of the following:
- 3 (1) Supplies tools or materials.
- 4 (2) Makes services available to the general public.
- 5 (3) Works or may work for a number of clients at the same 6 time.
- 7 (4) Has an opportunity for profit or loss as a result of 8 labor or service provided.
- 9 (5) Invests in facilities for work.
- 10 (6) Directs the order or sequence in which the work is 11 completed.
- 12 (7) Determines the hours when the work is completed.
- 13 (8) "Knowingly employ an unauthorized alien" means the
- 14 actions described in 8 U.S.C. §1324a, and shall be interpreted
- 15 consistently with 8 U.S.C. §1324a and any applicable federal
- 16 regulations.
- 17 b. Independent contractor status includes an individual who
- 18 performs services and is not an employee pursuant to section
- 19 3508 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 9. "License" means a permit, certificate, approval,
- 21 registration, charter, or similar form of authorization, other
- 22 than a professional license, that is required by law and that
- 23 is issued by an agency, allowing the licensee to do business
- 24 in this state.
- 25 10. "Social security number verification service" means
- 26 the program administered by the United States social security
- 27 administration or any successor program.
- 28 11. "Unauthorized alien" means an alien who does not have
- 29 the legal right or authorization under federal law to work in
- 30 the United States as described in 8 U.S.C. §1324a(h)(3).
- 31 Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **95.2** Knowingly employing unauthorized 32 aliens.
- 33 1. Knowingly employing unauthorized aliens prohibited. An
- 34 employer shall not knowingly employ an unauthorized alien. If
- 35 an employer uses a contract, subcontract, or other independent

1 contractor agreement to obtain the labor of an alien in

- 2 this state, and the employer knowingly contracts with an
- 3 unauthorized alien or with a person who employs or contracts
- 4 with an unauthorized alien to perform the labor, the employer
- 5 violates this subsection.
- 6 2. Complaints.
- 7 a. The attorney general shall prescribe a complaint form
- 8 for a person to allege a violation of subsection 1. The
- 9 complainant shall not be required to list the complainant's
- 10 social security number on the complaint form or to have the
- 11 complaint form notarized. Complaints shall be submitted to the
- 12 attorney general or a county attorney. A complaint that is
- 13 submitted to a county attorney shall be submitted to the county
- 14 attorney in the county in which the alleged unauthorized alien
- 15 is or was employed by the employer. This subsection shall not
- 16 be construed to prohibit the filing of anonymous complaints
- 17 that are not submitted on a prescribed complaint form.
- 18 b. On receipt of a complaint on a prescribed complaint form
- 19 that an employer allegedly knowingly employs or employed an
- 20 unauthorized alien, the attorney general or county attorney
- 21 shall investigate whether the employer has violated subsection
- 22 1. If a complaint is received but is not submitted on a
- 23 prescribed complaint form, the attorney general or county
- 24 attorney may investigate whether the employer has violated
- 25 subsection 1.
- 26 c. The attorney general or county attorney shall not
- 27 investigate complaints that are based solely on race, color,
- 28 or national origin. The county sheriff or any other local law
- 29 enforcement agency may assist in investigating a complaint and
- 30 shall do so upon request by the attorney general or county
- 31 attorney. When investigating a complaint, the attorney general
- 32 or county attorney shall verify the work authorization of the
- 33 alleged unauthorized alien with the federal government pursuant
- 34 to 8 U.S.C. §1373(c). A state, county, or local official shall
- 35 not attempt to independently make a final determination on

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1 whether an alien is authorized to work in the United States.

- d. A person who knowingly files a false or frivolous
- 3 complaint under this subsection is guilty of a simple
- 4 misdemeanor.
- 5 3. Required notifications.
- 6 a. If, after an investigation, the attorney general or
- 7 county attorney determines that the complaint is not false and
- 8 not frivolous, the attorney general or county attorney shall
- 9 notify the following entities of the unauthorized alien:
- 10 (1) The United States immigration and customs enforcement.
- 11 (2) The local law enforcement agency.
- 12 b. The attorney general shall notify the appropriate county
- 13 attorney to bring an action pursuant to subsection 4 if the
- 14 complaint was originally filed with the attorney general.
- 15 4. Court action required. An action for a violation of
- 16 subsection 1 shall be brought against the employer by the
- 17 county attorney in the district court of the county where the
- 18 unauthorized alien employee is or was employed by the employer.
- 19 The district court shall expedite the action, including
- 20 assigning a hearing at the earliest practicable date.
- 21 5. Court order first violation. On a finding of a first
- 22 violation as described in subsection 7, the court shall require
- 23 by order all of the following:
- 24 a. The employer shall terminate the employment of all
- 25 unauthorized aliens.
- 26 b. (1) The employer shall be subject to a three-year
- 27 probationary period for the business location where the
- 28 unauthorized alien performed work.
- 29 (2) During the probationary period, the employer shall file
- 30 quarterly reports on the form prescribed in section 252G.3 with
- 31 the county attorney for each new employee who is hired by the
- 32 employer at the business location where the unauthorized alien
- 33 performed work.
- c. The employer shall be required to file a signed sworn
- 35 affidavit with the county attorney within three business days

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1 after the order is issued. The affidavit shall state that the

- 2 employer has terminated the employment of all unauthorized
- 3 aliens in this state and that the employer will not knowingly
- 4 employ an unauthorized alien in this state.
- 5 (1) The court shall order the appropriate agencies to
- 6 suspend all licenses that are held by the employer if the
- 7 employer fails to file a signed sworn affidavit with the county
- 8 attorney within three business days after the order is issued.
- 9 All licenses that are suspended shall remain suspended until
- 10 the employer files a signed sworn affidavit with the county
- 11 attorney. Upon filing of the affidavit, the suspended licenses
- 12 shall be reinstated immediately by the appropriate agencies.
- 13 (2) Licenses that are subject to suspension under this
- 14 paragraph c are all licenses that are held by the employer
- 15 specific to the business location where the unauthorized alien
- 16 performed work. If the employer does not hold a license
- 17 specific to the business location where the unauthorized alien
- 18 performed work, but a license is necessary to operate the
- 19 employer's business in general, the licenses that are subject
- 20 to suspension under this paragraph c are all licenses that
- 21 are held by the employer at the employer's primary place of
- 22 business. On receipt of the court's order, the appropriate
- 23 agencies shall suspend the licenses according to the court's
- 24 order. The court shall send a copy of the court's order to the
- 25 attorney general and the attorney general shall maintain the
- 26 copy pursuant to subsection 8.
- 27 (3) The court may order the appropriate agencies to suspend
- 28 all licenses described in this paragraph "c'' that are held by
- 29 the employer for not more than ten business days. The court
- 30 shall base its decision to suspend under this subparagraph
- 31 on any evidence or information submitted to it during the
- 32 action for a violation of subsection 1 and shall consider the
- 33 following factors, if relevant:
- 34 (a) The number of unauthorized aliens employed by the
- 35 employer.

- 1 (b) Any prior misconduct by the employer.
- 2 (c) The degree of harm resulting from the violation.
- 3 (d) Whether the employer made good faith efforts to comply 4 with any applicable requirements.
- 5 (e) The duration of the violation.
- 6 (f) The role of the directors, officers, or principals of 7 the employer in the violation.
- 8 (g) Any other factors the court deems appropriate.
- 9 6. Court order second violation. For a second violation,
- 10 as described in subsection 7, the court shall order the
- 11 appropriate agencies to permanently revoke all licenses that
- 12 are held by the employer specific to the business location
- 13 where the unauthorized alien performed work. If the employer
- 14 does not hold a license specific to the business location
- 15 where the unauthorized alien performed work, but a license
- 16 is necessary to operate the employer's business in general,
- 17 the court shall order the appropriate agencies to permanently
- 18 revoke all licenses that are held by the employer at the
- 19 employer's primary place of business. On receipt of the order,
- 20 the appropriate agencies shall immediately revoke the licenses.
- 21 7. Violations defined.
- 22 a. A violation shall be considered a first violation by
- 23 an employer at a business location if the violation did not
- 24 occur during a probationary period ordered by the court under
- 25 subsection 5, paragraph "b", for that employer's business
- 26 location.
- 27 b. A violation shall be considered a second violation by
- 28 an employer at a business location if the violation occurred
- 29 during a probationary period ordered by the court under
- 30 subsection 5, paragraph "b", for that employer's business
- 31 location.
- 32 8. Attorney general database. The attorney general shall
- 33 maintain copies of court orders that are received pursuant to
- 34 subsection 5, paragraph c, and shall maintain a database of
- 35 the employers and business locations found to have committed

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- 1 a first violation of subsection 1 and make the court orders
- 2 available on the attorney general's internet site.
- 9. Federal determination governs. In determining whether
- 4 an employee is an unauthorized alien, the court shall consider
- 5 only the federal government's determination pursuant to 8
- 6 U.S.C. §1373(c). The federal government's determination
- 7 creates a rebuttable presumption of the employee's lawful
- 8 status. The court may take judicial notice of the federal
- 9 government's determination and may request the federal
- 10 government to provide automated or testimonial verification
- 11 pursuant to 8 U.S.C. §1373(c).
- 12 10. E-verify rebuttable presumption. For the purposes of
- 13 this section, proof of verifying the employment authorization
- 14 of an employee through the e-verify program creates a
- 15 rebuttable presumption that an employer did not knowingly
- 16 employ an unauthorized alien.
- 17 11. Good-faith compliance. For the purposes of this
- 18 section, an employer that establishes that it has complied
- 19 in good faith with the requirements of 8 U.S.C. §1324a(b)
- 20 establishes an affirmative defense that the employer did
- 21 not knowingly employ an unauthorized alien. An employer is
- 22 considered to have complied with the requirements of 8 U.S.C.
- 23 §1324a(b), notwithstanding an isolated, sporadic, or accidental
- 24 technical or procedural failure to meet the requirements, if
- 25 there is a good-faith attempt to comply with the requirements.
- 26 12. Entrapment as affirmative defense.
- 27 a. It is an affirmative defense to a violation of subsection
- 28 1 that the employer was entrapped. To claim entrapment, the
- 29 employer must admit by the employer's testimony or other
- 30 evidence the substantial elements of the violation. An
- 31 employer who asserts an entrapment defense has the burden
- 32 of proving all of the following by a preponderance of the
- 33 evidence:
- 34 (1) The idea of committing the violation started with law
- 35 enforcement officers or their agents rather than with the

1 employer.

- 2 (2) The law enforcement officers or their agents urged and 3 induced the employer to commit the violation.
- 4 (3) The employer was not predisposed to commit the violation
- 5 before the law enforcement officers or their agents urged and
- 6 induced the employer to commit the violation.
- 7 b. An employer does not establish entrapment if the employer
- 8 was predisposed to violate subsection 1 and the law enforcement
- 9 officers or their agents merely provided the employer with an
- 10 opportunity to commit the violation. It is not entrapment for
- 11 law enforcement officers or their agents merely to use a ruse
- 12 or to conceal their identity. The conduct of law enforcement
- 13 officers and their agents may be considered in determining if
- 14 an employer has proven entrapment.
- 15 Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **95.3 E-verify program** employer
- 16 participation.
- 1. An employer, after hiring an employee, shall verify the
- 18 employment eligibility of the employee through the e-verify
- 19 program and shall keep a record of the verification for the
- 20 duration of the employee's employment or at least three years,
- 21 whichever is longer.
- 22 2. In addition to any other requirement for an employer to
- 23 receive an economic development incentive from a government
- 24 entity, the employer shall register with and participate
- 25 in the e-verify program. Before receiving the economic
- 26 development incentive, the employer shall provide proof to the
- 27 government entity that the employer is registered with and
- 28 is participating in the e-verify program. If the government
- 29 entity determines that the employer is not complying with this
- 30 subsection, the government entity shall notify the employer
- 31 by certified mail of the government entity's determination
- 32 of noncompliance and the employer's right to appeal the
- 33 determination. On a final determination of noncompliance,
- 34 the employer shall repay all moneys received as an economic
- 35 development incentive to the government entity within thirty

1 days of the final determination.

- Every three months, the attorney general shall request
- 3 from the United States department of homeland security a list
- 4 of employers from this state that are registered with the
- 5 e-verify program. On receipt of the list of employers, the
- 6 attorney general shall make the list available on the attorney
- 7 general's internet site.
- 8 Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **95.4 Compliance with federal and state** 9 law.
- 10 This chapter shall not be construed to require an employer to
- 11 take any action that the employer believes in good faith would
- 12 violate federal or state law.
- 13 Sec. 5. IMPLEMENTATION OF ACT. Section 25B.2, subsection
- 14 3, shall not apply to this Act.
- 15 EXPLANATION
- 16 The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with
- 17 the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
- 18 This bill prohibits employers from knowingly employing
- 19 unauthorized aliens. The bill directs the attorney general
- 20 to prescribe a complaint form for alleged violations of
- 21 the prohibition. The bill provides that complaints may be
- 22 submitted to the attorney general or the county attorney in
- 23 the county in which the alleged unauthorized alien is or was
- 24 employed by the employer. The bill directs the attorney
- 25 general or county attorney to investigate complaints they
- 26 receive, and to verify the work authorization of an alleged
- 27 unauthorized alien with the federal government. The bill
- 28 prohibits the attorney general or county attorney from
- 29 investigating complaints that are based solely on race, color,
- 30 or national origin. The bill allows a county sheriff or
- 31 other local law enforcement to assist in an investigation and
- 32 requires such assistance upon request by the attorney general
- 33 or county attorney. The bill provides that a person who
- 34 knowingly files a false or frivolous complaint is guilty of a
- 35 simple misdemeanor, which is punishable by confinement for no

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1 more than 30 days or a fine of at least \$105 but not more than 2 \$855 or by both.

- 3 The bill requires the attorney general or county attorney
- 4 to notify United States immigration and customs enforcement,
- 5 the local law enforcement agency, and, if the attorney general
- 6 is the one investigating, the county attorney of a complaint
- 7 that is not false and not frivolous. The bill requires the
- 8 county attorney to bring an action in district court against an
- 9 employer for a violation in the county where the unauthorized
- 10 alien employee is or was employed by the employer. The bill
- 11 provides that such an action must be expedited by the court.
- 12 The bill provides that for a first violation, the court
- 13 must order the employer to terminate the employment of all
- 14 unauthorized aliens and to submit a signed sworn affidavit
- 15 to that effect or face suspension of business licenses by
- 16 appropriate agencies. The court will also order a three-year
- 17 probationary period for the employer. The court may also
- 18 order the suspension of the employer's business licenses
- 19 by appropriate agencies for up to 10 business days, after
- 20 considering certain factors. The bill provides that for a
- 21 second violation, defined as a violation occurring during a
- 22 probationary period for a previous violation, the court must
- 23 order the permanent revocation of the employer's business
- 24 licenses. The bill directs the attorney general to maintain an
- 25 online database of first-time offenders.
- 26 The bill provides that the district court can only consider
- 27 a determination by the federal government in determining the
- 28 immigration status of an alleged unauthorized alien employed
- 29 by an employer. The bill provides that a determination
- 30 of lawful status by the federal government will create a
- 31 rebuttable presumption of the employee's lawful status, as
- 32 well as a rebuttable presumption that an employer did not
- 33 knowingly employ an unauthorized alien. The bill provides
- 34 that an employer who establishes that the employer complied in
- 35 good faith with 8 U.S.C. §1324a(b) establishes an affirmative

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- 1 defense that the employer did not knowingly employ an
- 2 unauthorized alien. The bill provides that an employer is
- 3 considered to have complied with the requirements of 8 U.S.C.
- 4 §1324a(b), notwithstanding an isolated, sporadic, or accidental
- 5 technical or procedural failure to meet the requirements, if
- 6 there is a good-faith attempt to comply with the requirements.
- 7 The bill provides an employer with an affirmative defense of
- 8 entrapment if certain elements are met.
- 9 The bill requires an employer hiring a new employee to
- 10 verify the employee's employment eligibility through the
- 11 federal e-verify program. The bill requires the employer
- 12 to keep records of the verification for the duration of the
- 13 employee's employment or three years, whichever is longer. The
- 14 bill requires an employer receiving an economic development
- 15 incentive from a state government entity to register with the
- 16 federal e-verify program. The bill provides that an employer
- 17 who does not comply with the requirement must repay all moneys
- 18 received for the economic development incentive. The bill
- 19 provides an employer the right to appeal a determination of
- 20 noncompliance, and does not require repayment until a final
- 21 determination of noncompliance is made. The bill directs the
- 22 attorney general to request from the United States department
- 23 of homeland security a list of employers registered with the
- 24 e-verify program every three months. The bill directs the
- 25 attorney general to make the list available on the attorney
- 26 general's internet site.
- 27 The bill provides that the bill shall not be construed
- 28 to require an employer to take any action that the employer
- 29 believes in good faith would violate federal or state law.
- 30 The bill may include a state mandate as defined in Code
- 31 section 25B.3. The bill makes inapplicable Code section 25B.2,
- 32 subsection 3, which would relieve a political subdivision from
- 33 complying with a state mandate if funding for the cost of
- 34 the state mandate is not provided or specified. Therefore,
- 35 political subdivisions are required to comply with any state

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1 mandate included in the bill.